

## **SOCIETY PARTICIPATION IN DRAINAGE CONSTRUCTION AT PAWINDAN VILLAGE SUB-DISTRICT OF CIAMIS, DISTRICT OF CIAMIS**

**Enur Nurdin<sup>1</sup>, Abdul Mutholib<sup>2</sup>, Arie Budiawan<sup>3</sup>**  
<sup>1)2)3)</sup>**Universitas Galuh, Ciamis, Indonesia**  
e-mail: [enur.nurdin@gmail.com](mailto:enur.nurdin@gmail.com)

### **ABSTRACT**

*Based on the observation, it is known that drainage in Pawindan village sub-district of Ciamis, district of Ciamis has not been implemented properly, due to the level of society's participation in this construction still needs to be improved. Methodology of this research used descriptive analysis. Result of the research showed that society participation in drainage construction was not optimal regarding four kinds of activities, this case can be seen from the lack of society participation in deliberations to plan making decision at both the musrenbangdus and musrenbangdes, besides that, there is still a lack of society participation in the implementation of construction, so that the level of society cooperation is still lacking, another problem is related to the lack of society participation in the evaluation and monitoring of development results so that the society does not provide various inputs to the headman in the implementation of development. The obstacles encountered include the difficulty of involving the society in the deliberations to plan decision-making at the musrenbangdus and musrenbangdes, besides that it is still difficult to increase society participation in the implementation of development so that the cooperation is still lacking. The efforts that made to overcome obstacles to increase society in drainage construction are carried out by involving the society in deliberations to plan making decision at the musrenbangdus and musrenbangdes by inviting the society to attend the deliberation, besides inviting the society to participate in the implementation development through society cooperation activities.*

**Keywords:** *Society Participation, Drainage Construction, Village, District*

### **Introduction**

The implementation of public participation in progame development needs people awareness, therefore a good strategy is needed. Planing a progame is not an easy task, a good programme has to be suitable with the needs and problem faced by the people which become the programme's target, if needs and problem from the targeted

group are more diverse and complex, then the programming will be more complicated. People (targeted group) have a certain characteristics and also have different needs and interest.

In analyzing faced situation is also diverse. Every group of people have a different set of thinking in taking decession. The program planning have a certain abilities and

skills such as understanding the mean and quiddity of program planning, principles of program's drafting, capability.

### **Literature Review**

Participation is the mental and emotional involvement of a person in a group situation that encourages them to support the achievement of the group's goals and take responsibility for the group. Participation is the inclusion of thoughts and emotions of workers into the situation of the group concerned and takes responsibility for the group.

According to Astuti D. (2009: 31), she said "Participation is the involvement of a person or persons in an activity. Engagement can be a mental and emotional involvement and physical in use all its capabilities (initiative) in all the activities carried out and to support the achievement of goals and responsibilities for all involved".

Society is a group of people who interact with each other, in scientific terms is interacting with each other. A human unit can have infrastructure through which its citizens can interact with each other. Soekanto (2016: 22) state that, "Society is a system of habits, procedures, of authority and cooperation between various groups, classification, and monitoring of human behavior and habits. Community is a form of life together for a long enough time to produce a manners".

Sociology always be directed to the elements or specific symptoms in the community by analyzing the social groups that specifically, or to analyze the relationship between groups or between individuals, as well as the processes that exist in the life of a community. Soekanto (2013:20) said that, "Sociology is the study of social structures and social processes, including social changes. Social structure is the overall fabric between the main social elements, namely social norms (social norms), social institutions, groups and social layers".

In everyday life there are various interpretations of participation, but in a scientific concept, the meaning of participation according to Bintoro (2011:207) is, "The active involvement or participation of people in determining the direction, strategy and development policy implemented" meanwhile in the view of Hamidjojo and Iskandar (2011:1) community participation is defined as follows : "Community participation means that people participate is to follow and accompany the government program. Due to the fact that the government until now designing, organizing and paying a major development".

In essence, the notion of development in general is a process of constant change towards a better state by certain norms. Regarding the notion of development, experts provide various definitions such as planning. The term development may be interpreted differently by one person to

another, from one region to another, from one country to another. The construction has a very broad sense, is simply building it is a change towards a better and more advanced than before. the construction can be interpreted also as an idea to create something that is aspired. The development of rural communities is part of community development which is also directed towards institutional development and community participation and empowerment in improving welfare in rural areas. The establishment of institutions in every village as a form of participation of the village community will accelerate the process of physical development in the village.

According to Regulation number 25 in the year of 2014 Regarding the National Development Planning System Article 1 Paragraph (2) National Development is "The efforts undertaken by all components of the nation in order to achieve the purpose of the state". Meanwhile, according to Subri (2006:15), the development is "The process of change in the planning system are oriented towards improving the modernist development and social progress economist"

Infrastructure that is often referred to a facilities as a large-scale technology system consisting of a number of immovable physical facilities that provide basic services to the community along the supply process, conversion and / or transportation of a certain commodity. Infrastructure is an important tool for

the progress of rural community development, Rural infrastructure refers to a physical system that provides transportation, irrigation, drainage, buildings and other public facilities needed to meet basic needs and primary functions to provide services to support the implementation of a number of community activities.

## **Method**

The research method in this research is descriptive analytical method. The length of the research was 9 months, starting from December 2018 to August 2019. Data collection techniques were through library research, field studies (observation, interviews and documentation). The number of informants in this study as many as 16 people. Data collection techniques by the writer in this research is the study of literature and field studies.

## **Results and Discussion**

### **1. Community participation in the construction of drainage in Pawindan village, Sub-district of Ciamis, District of Ciamis**

Based on the survey results, revealed that people's participation in the construction of drainage in Pawindan village Sub-district of Ciamis, District of Ciamis Pawindan is not optimal. For more details, the writer describe as follows :

#### **a. Participation in making a decision**

In the development planning deliberations that will be held, society's participation is still lacking, there is a lack of community involvement or figures who attend the deliberation activities such as what happened at the musrenbang activity in January which discussed the plan of development to be implemented. This activities are dominated by village officials only. Besides the activities of meetings held by the village government, there's only a small fraction of that community elements of society that are still relatives of village officials. The description above is in line with the opinion (Kaho 2007: 127) that : "The participation stage in the decision-making process is very basic public participation, especially because the political decisions that are taken concern their overall fate. Society will only be visible in the next activity if they feel part of the equation in determining what will be done". In determining the direction and orientation of development can already be done by the community. This is shown by the implementation of development in accordance with community priorities, for example drainage development which is the community's top priority, this can support the smooth running of the community in carrying out daily activities in improving its economy.

**b. The implementation of participation in development activities**

From the results of the analysis that the community has been able to jointly mobilize the existing resources in the implementation of physical development, this can be seen when the development is being held, people assume that development is for the people themselves so that people can move other people to be able to assist the smooth and successful implementation of such development, Furthermore, in contributing the funds for development, this can be seen from the fact that there are still few people who participate in assisting the success of the implementation of development. Furthermore, in monitoring administrative activities regarding the use of irrigation development finances, this can be shown by the lack of active society to maintain transparency in the use of the finance, especially in avoiding irregularities in the use of development finance so that it is not in accordance with the previously determined budget. However, in the coordination and elaboration of the development program, it has been carried out by the community, especially the community leaders, this is reflected in the routine communication carried out to find out how far the progress of development has been carried out. This is in line with what Turinda (2009: 31) states that : "The participation stage in the implementation of activities is often interpreted as the participation of the community at large (who are generally poorer) to voluntarily contribute their

energy in development activities. On the other hand, the layer above it (which generally consists of the rich) who get more benefits from the results of development, is not required to contribute proportionally. Therefore, community participation in the implementation stage of development must be interpreted as equal distribution of community contributions in the form of labor and cash, and or various other forms of victims that are commensurate with the benefits to be received by the residents concerned”.

In accelerating the process of implementing development so as to save time and money, the community does not participated, This is evident from the late construction of drainage due to budget constraints so that the construction was not completed according to the target time. Meanwhile, assistance from the community in the form of money, manpower and other materials is still minimal.

#### **c. Participation in development monitoring and evaluation**

In evaluating the entire series of implementation of community development programs, there is still a lack of participation in these actions so that they do not know how the development plan and implementation occurs. However, in providing suggestions in an effort to improve community development programs, this is shown by the many suggestions and suggestions from the community

submitted to the village government regarding the implementation of development programs. There are suggestions that the community wants the implementation of development to be in accordance with the needs of the community, the implementation of development must be a community priority scale, the results of development must provide the benefits for the welfare of the community, in community planning activities must be involved, the implementation of development must have a high level of effectiveness and efficiency.

The description above is in line with the opinion expressed by Kaho (2007:127) which are : “Participation in the evaluation of an activity can be assessed when giving mamfaat are appropriate for the community.in this stage, the community is given the opportunity to judge for themselves the results that have been obtained in development, and the community becomes a fair and honest judge in assessing the results”. Based on the observations results, it can be seen that community participation in the implementation of drainage development has been partly implemented and partly still not optimal according to the four types of participation.

#### **d. Participation in the utilization of development results**

Based on the analysis of the research results that the community does not participate in maintaining the results of development in a sustainable

manner, due to the community still lacks awareness to carry out continuous maintenance, also that community still lacks of awarenesses and participates in the functioning of development results so that it cannot provide benefits to society. This can be seen from the results of development such as drainage channels that are not routinely maintained by the community in mutual cooperation, causing the development results to be less beneficial for the community.

Thus the success of a development process cannot be separated from the participation all members of the community, both as a system unit and as individuals who are a very important part of the dynamic process of development, because in principle development is shown in order to create a prosperous society.

The leader has a role in providing directions and have a real influence on subordinates or employees in perform the functions of an agency (Nursetiawan, I., 2017). Therefore, the responsibility for the success or failure of development is not only in the hands of the government but also in the hands of the community.

## **2. Obstacles that community's participation faced in the construction of drainage in Pawindan village Subdistrict of Ciamis, District of Ciamis**

Based on the results of the interview that there are some obstacles faced in community participation in the implementation of drainage

development in Pawindan village, Sub-district of, Ciamis District of Ciamis, the results of the recapitulation can be presented as follows:

- a. Only a few communities attended the meeting for drafting and validating the drainage development plan which would be implemented even though they had been invited.
- b. Society not provide ideas or input to be considered in the implementation of the Development physically.
- c. The community seems passive in providing ideas or input to the village administration regarding drainage development programs that need to be prioritized.
- d. Less society gives opinions related to the determination of the sources of financing in the implementation of drainage construction.
- e. Lack of people involvement in providing ideas or feedback about anyone who will be involved in the implementation of drainage construction in accordance with the skills and expertise.
- f. Disseminate public participation in the development program plan to citizens still less so that there are people who do not know drainage development plan to be implemented.
- g. Public participation in providing donations in the form of money in accordance with what has been determined in the deliberation on development plans is still lacking

because there is an assumption that there is already a budget from both central and regional governments.

- h. Public participation in donated goods or materials to facilitate the implementation of development programs are lacking because there is an assumption in society that everything is already budgeted in the plan.
- i. Public participation in providing donations in the form of facilities (soil) needed to facilitate the implementation of development programs is not going well.
- j. Public participation in providing feedback on the development program plan is not good because the public does not provide feedback to the implementers of development.
- k. Public involvement is still lacking in participating in decision-making meetings.
- l. Lack of public participation in providing various inputs so that results of development benefit the community.
- m. Lack of people participation in maintaining development results that have been implemented so that the rapid development damaged
- n. Lack of community participation in preserving the results of development that has been implemented so that community involvement in mutual cooperation activities is still low.

Likewise, based on the author's observations, it is known that so far

there have been several obstacles in increasing community participation in the implementation of drainage development in Pawindan village, Sub-district of Ciamis, District of Ciamis, this is due to a lack of public awareness to be directly involved in the implementation and evaluation of the development results that have been implemented. Drainage development can not be achieved in accordance with the targeted and less benefit to society.

### **3. Efforts to overcome the obstacles to community's participation in drainage development at Pawindan Village, Sub-district of Ciamis, District of Ciamis**

Based on the results of the interview, it is known that the efforts made in overcoming the obstacles faced in community's participation in the implementation of drainage development in Pawindan Village, Sub-district of Ciamis, District of Ciamis which is mentioned above, the recapitulation results can be presented as follows:

- a. Inviting the community through an official invitation letter so that the community can attend the meeting for drafting and ratifying the drainage development plan that will be implemented.
- b. Following various activities done by the public so everyone could dig some of the potential that can be considered.
- c. Openly submit development plans to be implemented so that the public can provide ideas or

- feedback to the village administration on development programs.
- d. Increase the cooperation with head of the village to clearly disseminate the drainage development implementation plan along with the costs required to the community.
  - e. Increase public awareness to be involved in providing ideas or input on who will be involved in the implementation of drainage development so that the implementation of development can be supported by the community.
  - f. Increase the participation in the development program plan disseminate to citizens so that citizens can find out other drainage development plan which one is to be implemented.
  - g. Increase openness to the public related to the use of the budget so that people can give cash donations.
  - h. Invites the public to evaluate the development that has been carried out so that the public give input related to the implementation of development.
  - i. Approach to the public so that the public understands the needs of the executive committee so that people can contribute the needs in the form of medium (soil).
  - j. Inviting the public to adjust the time if it were not disrupt the activities of people in work in order to attend the meeting planned development program.
  - k. Coordinating with communities in each village to be actively involved in deliberations to formulate decisions.
  - l. Increase the transparency with the community regarding the results of development that has been implemented so that the community can understand the shortcomings of implementers in the implementation of physical development.
  - m. Inviting all elements of society to work together in maintaining the results of development that have been implemented.
  - n. Enabling mutual aid activities in each village so that the construction can be preserved so that the benefits to society.
- Likewise with the results of the author's observations, it is known that there are efforts made to increase community participation in the implementation of drainage development, including increasing community participation in various implementation and evaluation of development results, namely by inviting the community to play an active role in drainage development activities that will be implemented and also it can be achieved in accordance with the expectations of all parties.



**Bibliography**

**Source Books :**

Bintoro. 2003. Pengantar Administrasi Pembangunan. LP3ES. Jakarta.

Kaho. 2007. Prospek Otonomi Daerah Di Negara Republik. Indonesia. Jakarta : PT Grafindo.

Moleong, Lexy J. 2007. Metodologi Penelitian Kualitatif, Penerbit PT Remaja Rosdakarya.

Nursetiawan, I. (2017). Pengaruh Kepemimpinan Lurah Terhadap Kinerja Pegawai (Studi Deskriptif Kuantitatif di Kelurahan Cigembor Kecamatan

Ciamis Kabupaten Ciamis). *Moderat: Jurnal Ilmiah Ilmu Pemerintahan*, 3(2), 131-143.

Soekanto, Soerjono. 2016. Sosiologi Suatu Pengantar. Jakarta : Rajawali Pers.

Sugiyono. 2007. Metode Penelitian Kuantitatif Kualitatif dan R&D. Bandung: Alfabeta.

Perundang-undangan:  
Undang-Undang Nomor 25 Tahun 2004 Tentang Sistem Perencanaan Pembangunan Nasional.